(b) if so, the main recommendations and observations thereof and Govt's reaction thereto; and

(c) the number of women prisoners indicating also the number of women-under-trials and without trial in jails in India as on January 1, 1992 and 1993; and on November 1, 1993 ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI BASAVA RAJESWARI) : (a) Government of India has not set up any Commission of Inquiry on Women Prisoners recently.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) 'Prison' is a State subject, Government of India does not compile and monitor such statistics.

## DENIAL OF EDUCATION TO SCHOOL GOING CHILDREN IN BIHAR

3417. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) what is the present approximate number of children, both boys and girls separately, who are in the school going age in the State of Bihar;

(b) whether it is a fact that majority of such children particularly the girls are denial education and an opportunity to go to school;

(c) if so, whether Government have made any survey to find out the reasons for denying education to children of school going age in Bihar and what were the results thereof; and

(d) what action Government propose to take to ensure that all the children who are in the school going age in Bihar are sent to school for education ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) to (d) According to the V All India Education Survey (reference date 30-9-1986) conducted by NCERT the estimated population of children in the age group of 6—18 years is 1,21,58,811 have and 1,15,83,361 girls in Bihar while enrolment of children in the corresponding age group is 73,64,172 and 32,75,556 for boys and girls respectively. The same survey reveals that only 26.31 percent girls of school going age-group (6—18) are in schools.

This Ministry has not conducted any survey to find out the reasons for denying education to children of school going age. However, the major reason that prevents children from attending school is socio-economic factor. In addition to this, inadequate infrastructure in schools, lack of awareness on the part of the parents, the preception of curriculum not being related to local needs and inability of the school system to attract and sustain children's interest are other factors.

The Bihar education project with external assistance is being implemented to achieve universalization of primary education. Besides, various incentives like scholarships, free uniform, mid-day meals etc. are being administered by the State Government.

The Government of India in its National Policy on Education 1986 and 1992 envisaged a series of measures to make education child centred and activity based approach to primary education to make learning a joyful experience in order to achieve universal enrolment and universal retention of children upto 14 years of age. Accordingly the National Council of Educational Research & Training (NCERT) brought out in 1988 a national curricular framework for all stages of education. The revised curriculum took account the need

for reduction of curriculum load, keeping in view the requirement for modernisation and relevance. The entire school syllabi and text-books for classes I—XII have been revised by NCERT. The State Government and UT Administrations have also undertaken measures of curruculum renewal and development of new textbooks for different stages of school education for their introduction into the school system in a phased manner.

## CLOSING OF HISTORICAL MONUMENTS FOR TOURISTS

*3418. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to close historical monuments of tourist value in the country for public viewing on different days of the week;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether this information has been incorporated in the tourist literature of the country in the interests and for the convenience of tourists; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d) Do not arise.

## RESERVATION IN KENDRIYA VIDYALAYAS

3419. SHRI N. E. BALARAM : Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the quota earmarked for admission of students belonging to SC/ST categories in Kendriya Vidyalayas is not being filled up for many years now;

(b) the details thereof; and

(c) the efforts made|contemplated by the Ministry to ensure faithful execution of his constitutional provision in this regard ?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DEPTT. OF EDUCATION AND DEPTT. OF CULTURE) (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) and (b) The Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan has fixed a quota of 13 per cent for SC & 7½ per cent for ST of the fresh admission every year. According to information furnished by Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan, as per available data, the average student strength for SC is 14.53 percent and for ST 3 per cent for 92-93.

(c) (i) Concerted efforts are made to admit Scheduled Caste|Scheduled Tribe candidate upto the prescribed percentage in each Kendriya Vidyalayas.

(ii) At the time of admission the Principal advertises in the local News Papers to fill up the quota reserved for SC|ST candidates.

(iii) Relaxation of 5 marks is given for admission in Class XI for deciding the stream of studies (Science and Commerce).

## बिहार को देय रायल्टी की बकाया राशि

@3420. श्री ब्रह्मदेव आनन्द पासवान : क्या खान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) बिहार सरकार को देय रायल्टी की कितनी राशि भारत सरकार पर बकाया है ;

(ख) क्या सरकार चालू वित्तीय वर्ष में उक्त राशि देने का विचार रखती है; और

*Previously unstarred Question 3067 transferred from the 33rd December, 1993.

@पूर्वतः अतारांकित प्रश्न 1494, दिनांक 14 दिसम्बर 1993 से स्थानान्तरित ।